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RP 985 V. Transplanter

MANUAL INDEX

READ ALL THE INFORMATION IN THIS MANUAL BEFORE USING THE MACHINE. FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY. KEEP CHILDREN UNDER SUPERVISION WHILE THE MACHINE IS OPERATING.

The RP trasplanter will transplant young plants from the plug trays in which they are grown into larger plug trays, packs or strip trays.

Operator manual

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TECHNICAL DATA







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Chapter

TECHNICAL DATA

HEIGHT	1.750 mm
WIDTH	1.650 mm
LENGTH	2.800 mm + 800 mm
WEIGHT	450 KG.
VOLTAGE	380 V - 220V -110V
POWER	16 A
AIR PRESSURE	6 BAR
NOISE LEVEL	less than 70 DECIBEL

Chapter

TRANSIT

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- During transit the transplanter must be fixed onto a level surface to avoid vibration damage.
- Great care **must be taken** when loading and unloading with a fork-lift truck. The machine **MUST** be kept level, and all four feet must touch the ground simultaneously.
- Secure the X Axis trolley by tying to the left or right end of the machine.
- Place a piece of polystyrene or sponge under the Y trolley to avoid contact with the machine surface.
- Check carefully at the time of delivery that the machine is undamaged.

tea _	Operator manual	3	HAMILTON
Chapter	INSTALL	ATION	DESIGN
3		achine check the following:	
	the four anti-vibration feet a	achine l indoors in a safe and sheltered place, on a level sur re completely level on the floor. Check that the mach be as clean as possible from grease, dust and soil.	
	The connection requires an o	80/415 V 3-phase ctrical supply of 380V - 1Kw. putlet of 380V - 3phase 16A+ground. e installed and protected in accordance with current	standards.
Models with a supply of 220	The connection requires an o	ctrical supply of 220V-1Kw. outlet of 220V - 16A+ground. e installed and protected in accordance with current	standards.
Models with a supply o	The connection requires an o	ctrical supply of 110V-1Kw. outlet of 110V - 16A+ground. e installed and protected in accordance with current	standards.



Pneumatic supply

The machine requires a compressed air supply to be connected to the 8mm push-in fitting on the air filter located on the back panel.

The minimum pressure required is 6 bars.

The inlet is fitted with an anticondensation filter and an air-line lubricator. Levels should be checked periodically.

Push the button situated below the filter to empty it.

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Chapter

SAFETY NOTES AND PRECAUTIONS



- Read all instructions carefully before use.
- Install and set up the machine as directed in this manual.
- Do not remove the safety guards from moving parts.
- Ensure the safety guards are in place before starting the machine.
- Be careful not to catch any loose clothing in moving parts.
- Electrical servicing should only be undertaken by specialist electricians or the supplier.
- **N.B.** Before switching on the machine ensure that the side panels, plastic safety guards and the doors are all closed and secure.

The company cannot be responsible for the occurrence of any fault or accident if these safety precautions are not followed or the safety guards are insecure or have been tampered with.

Carefully read chapter IO which describes the operation of the machine and only operate as instructed.

Make sure that the earth conductor is connected.

Make sure that there are no objects which can obstruct, damage or stop the movements of the trolley.

N.B. <u>Make sure that there are no animals, children, or uninstructed</u> <u>personnel near the machine when starting up.</u>

4.2 OPERATOR SAFETY

It is vital that the machine operators fully understand the transplanter's components, setup, operation and programming procedures before use, to avoid inappropriate and dangerous operation of the machine.

tea project S.r.I. via Zatti 33/c 42100 Reggio E. ITALIA tel. +39 0522 333617 fax +39 0522 393768 **N.B.** Under no circumstances should an operator attempt to alter or adjust any of the operating components while the machine is working.

DESIGN

tea	Operato manuo		NDESIGN
	ATTENTION	If the removal of the safety guards is necessary, only do so after disconnecting the system from any type of energy source, and ensuring the machine is earthed, and fitted with a circuit breaker appropriate for the type of energy supply.	
		Ensure correct electrical connection and connection to ground, in order to avoid electrostatic charges which could be both dangerous for the operetor and cause of sparks, with a consequent fire danger in the presence	

of inflammable material.







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MAIN COMPONENTS

Controlled Axes 5.1

The RP985V controls 5 axes electronically: X axis, Y axis, U axis, Z axis and W axis. Viewed from the front of the machine, the 5 axes are as follows:

> X Axis: The X Axis trolley moves horizontally right to left, and back, powered by a 60V direct current motor situated to the left side of the working surface. The movement is controlled by a timing gear belt situated inside an aluminium extrusion.

> YAxis: This is the vertical movement of the fingers picking up the seedlings from the plug tray and placing them in another tray or pack. Movement is powered by a 60V direct current motor, situated on the X Axis trolley which, by a gear belt, controls the upward and downward movement of the fingers.

> **<u>U Axis</u>**: The U Axis is the track situated on the left of the machine. This transports the plug trays containing the seedlings ready for transplanting, controlled by a chain drive connected to a 60V electric motor (380V in RP1500 models), located under the working surface. The track, moves forwards towards the operator.

> **Z Axis:** The Z Axis is the guide situated on the right of the machine. A conveyor belt transports the empty trays or packs into which the seedlings will be transplanted. The conveyor belt is powered by a 380V (220V) electric motor, located at the front of the machine, usually on the right-hand side. The conveyor moves forwards towards the operator.

> W Axis: The W Axis sets the finger spacing according to the cell configuaration of the pickup and placement trays and packs.

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5.2 Computer

The computer is situated on the protective frame at the front left of the machine. It contains all the controls for programming and operating the machine. Avoid getting water on the control panel, and protect it from blunt instruments and naked flames. Clean with a soft damp cloth, do not use detergents or chemical products. Opening the computer should not be necessary, and should not be undertaken by the operator; should necessity arise, contact the suppliers.

5.3 Emergency buttons

Red emergency buttons are located at the front and back corner of the transplanter. The machine can be stopped at any time by pushing one of these buttons. Once pushed, the emergency button is illuminated, as is a warning light on the front panel, and a warning message is displayed on the screen. The machine remains inoperable until the emergency button is pulled back out and the green Auxiliary On/Reset button is pressed.

5.4 Clear plastic main safety guard

The clear plastic safety guard at the front of the machine can be opened by lifting it upwards If opened during use operation will stop automatically. The guard must be closed and the Auxiliary on/ Reset button pressed before operation can continue. The safety guards and security switches must not be tampered with.

5.5 Control Cabinet

The control cabinet houses the electric board, and is located on the left of the machine, under the working surface. It is fitted with a switch which prohibits its door being opened during operation. If it is necessary to open the door because of an emergency, follow the directions in Section 8.6 carefully. Do no attempt to make alterations or adjustments inside the control cabinet, unless specifically instructed to do so by your authorised TEA dealer.

5.6 U Axis micro switch

The U Axis micro switch is located between the central U and Z Axis guides. It senses when a tray is approaching the pickup position. To clear trays from this area, follow the procedure in 6.5; do not manually remove trays as this risks damage to the micro switch.

5.7 Z Axis micro switch or photocell

The Z Axis micro switch (a photocell in the 98V models) is located next to the U Axis micro switch. It senses when a tray is approaching the placement position. To clear trays from this area, follow the procedure in 6.5; do not manually remove trays as this risks damage to the micro switch.

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Capitolo

PRELIMINARY CHECKS AND STARTUP PROCEDURES



6.1 Before switching on

- Before switching on the machine check the following:
- Air pressure should be at 6 bars a)
- b) The working area is cleared ready for use.
- c) The safety guards are correctly secured.
- d) The emergency buttons are not illuminated. If they are, reset.



6.2 Starting the Transplanter

Connect the transplanter to the electricity and compressed air supplies. Turn the red power switch (located on the cabinet door on the left side of the transplanter) one quarter turn clockwise. The white 'Power On' and the red 'Emergency' lights will be illuminated. Push the green Auxiliary on/Reset button, and then press END/ HOME on the computer keyboard. This procedure will reset the transplanting heads to their datum position.



Check the rotation direction of the Z axis motor 6.3

After pushing the "Auxiliary on/Reset" button and making sure that the red emergency light is off, turn the black Manual knob clockwise and at the same time press the Z Axis button. The conveyor should move towards the operator, if it does not you will need to reverse the two leads, located inside the supply plug.



6.4 Starting a transplanting cycle

After pushing the "Auxiliary on "button, on the computer display the following message will appear:



If the air pressure is insufficient, the message "Attention low air pressure" will be displayed and it will not be possible to continue until the pressure reaches

the required level.





Before proceeding, remove any trays which may be under the working area of the transplanting heads, as follows:

- turn the black Manual knob clockwise and at the same time push the Z Axis or U Axis button
- the trays will be advanced back to the operator

Load the trays and packs onto the guides . The machine will advance the trays to the correct position in order to start the transplanting cycle.

DESIGN

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6.5 Manual tray advancement

For manually moving trays in-between the two guide bars, proceed as follows: Check that the green Auxiliary On/Reset light is on, and then turn the black Manual knob clockwise and at the same time briefly press either of the two buttons, Z Axis or U Axis. <u>Always remove the trays to avoid damage to the operator or to the machinery</u>.

Chapter

PROGRAMMES

7.1 Definition of "Programme"

A programme is a sequence of instructions, to direct the transplanter to pickup seedlings from a specified plugtray and deposit them into another specified tray. These instructions are referred to as PICKUP PRO-GRAMMES and PLACEMENT PROGRAMMES.

The RP985 allows for thirty PICKUP and thirty PLACEMENT programmes, which can be used in any combination. i e. it is possible to transplant seedlings from any one of 30 different tray types into any one of 30 different destination trays.

A transplanting operation simultaneously carries out one PICKUP and one PLACEMENT programme. The PICKUP programme instructions are carried out on the left of the machine, where seedlings are picked up in the transplanting fingers, and then the PLACEMENT programme instructions are executed on the right where the plants are deposited into their destination trays.

7.2 Stored programmes

Up to thirty PICKUP programmes and thirty PLACEMENT programmes can be written directly with the EM 14 control keypad; once written, they are stored in the memory and allocated an individual number. It is possible to delete and/or replace programmes at any time.

The required programmes are chosen via the display, as illustrated.

After pushing the END/HOME button this message will appear automatically, alternatively it can be accessed by the main menu by choosing the option "<1> AUTOMATIC".

Full instructions for writing, amending, storing and choosing programmes can be found towards the end of this manual.

PU PL	TR.COUNT: SPEED:		1.1	, in the second s	
<1>	AUTOMATIC	****	<2>	MANUAL	
<3>	MACHINE DATA	****	<4>	TEST	I/0

<u>Always keep a written copy of all programmes on the blank sheets provided, in case of memory failure.</u>



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message

appears:



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When the <emergency> button is pressed, or the front safety guard opened, the working cycle is suspended, and the following message appears:

When the tray exit is full, the working cycle is suspended, and the following message appears:

Emergency and consequent stop of the machine due to a non-count of the encoder of the displayed axis.

Chapter

	EMERGE	NCY		-	
PU TR.COUNT	:	TRAY	EXIT	FULL	
PL SPEED:		DEPT	Н.:		

axis #

OPERATION

Running a stored programme 8.1

Press the "Auxiliary on/Reset" button. This prompts Axes Y, W, and X to reset.

Encoder error:

	These the maximum of these button. This prompts h	2105 1, 11, 0	inu n to reset.	
F1 F1 MENU Start			Press rese	et then END
C Home I MEN STOP				
	The following message will be displayed:	PU 01 PL 01	TR.COUNT: SPEED: %	TEA project DEPTH:
(p1)				
	To select the required Pickup and Placement	PU 01 PL 01	TR.COUNT: SPEED: %	TEA project DEPTH:
12345F1P1	programmes: press P1, and use the \leftrightarrow to move the	PU <u>03</u>	TR.COUNT:	
67890CP2	cursor under the PU and PL (Pickup and Placement) numbers. Use the number pad to key in the	PL 01	SPEED: %	DEPTH:
5 F1 (++) 1 MENU Sta	appropriate programme numbers.	PU 03 PL <u>05</u>	TR.COUNT: SPEED: %	TEA project DEPTH:
		PU 03		TEA project
tea project s.r.l.		PL 05	SPEED:%	DEPTH:
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fax +39 0522 393768				

DESIGN



Attention: Before proceeding, remove any trays which may be under the working area of the transplanting heads, as follows: Turn the black Manual knob clockwise and at the same time push the Z Axis or U Axis button. The trays will be advanced back to the operator.

Press "START". The machine will start its working cycle and the following message will appear:

PU 03 TR.COUNT: PL 05 SPEED:_90 %

The U Axis and Z Axis guides bring the first tray into position as the transplanting heads move into their pickup position, and the working cycle begins.

Pc 03 TR COUNT.

Pc 03 TR.COUNT:

Ps 05

Start at a low speed (5% - 10%) to check the transplanter is running correctly, and then alter the speed to suit by pressing the up or down arrows. Pressing either of these will temporarily stop the machine and display the speed.

8.2 To stop the machine

Press "STOP". The working cycle will be suspended and the following message will be displayed. There are now two possibilities: to continue with the cycle, or to quit the programme and return to the start position.

To restart, press "START" To quit the programme, press "STOP"

Stopping and restarting the machine 8.3

If the machine has been stopped and this message is displayed, proceed as follows:



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It is safe to pause and restart (or reset) the programme at any time providing these instructions are followed. Never attempt to touch any of the moving parts without first stopping the cycle.









Stopping the machine using the Emergency Stop buttons 8.4

Pushing one of the red and yellow emergency buttons will bring the machine to an immediate stop, as will opening the front safety guard. The following message will be dispalyed:

EMERGENCY

The machine remains inoperable until the emergency button is pulled back out and the green "Auxiliary **On/Reset**" button is pressed, followed by the "START" button. The cycle will resume from where it was stopped.

If the transplanter stops due to low air pressure 8.5

If the pressure is too low, the machine will stop and the following message will be displayed: Check the compressor is operating correctly, and that the airlines are clear. When the necessary air pressure is reached, the message will disappear.

The cycle can be resumed by pushing the "START" button.

Only for models which have 1 or 2 alternate current motors

If the transplanter stops due to overheating 8.6

If the machine stops due to overheating, the following message will be displayed: If this occurs, proceed as follows:

OVERHEATING EMERGENCY

ATTENTION, LOW AIR PRESSURE

Turn the power off. Open the control cabinet door located on the left of the machine by turning the knob to the 0 position. Press the green "QM1" button (or QM2 when present) in the top, right-hand corner of the cabinet.

Close the door with care, and restart.

8.7 Data parameters warning

If the programme contains data which exceeds the operating limits, the following message will be displayed:

WARNING, DATA PARAMETERS EXCEEDED!

DRIVE GEAR EMERGENCY

Modify the programme, keeping data within the parameters.

8.8 Drive gear emergency

If there is a fault with one of the motor control circuit boards, the following message will be displayed: Try to restart the machine, by turning off the main power switch and resetting the machine. If the message recurs, contact your authorised TEA dealer.

8.9 Encoder count alarm

The message "encoder Error axis #" is displayed when the encoder of one of the axes (X, Y, W) fails to count.



The problem is due to a fault of the displayed axis (encoder, motor, control...) or to an obstruction which has unexpectedly stopped its movement.



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PROGRAMMING DURING OPERAT



9.1 Speed

The display shows the speed at which the machine is working, in percentage terms (as a proportion of the maximum speed).

PU	03	TR.	COUNT:		TEA	project
ΡL	05		SPEED:_90	%	DEP	TH:

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9.2 Tray counter

This electronically counts the number of the trays which have been transplanted.

PU	03	TR.	COUNT:158		TEA project
PL	05		SPEED:_90	%	DEPTH:

9.3 Depth

This is the distance the fingers descend into the placement tray, expressed in mm. The higher the number, the deeper the plant will be planted.

DII 03	TD	COUNT:158		
PL 05	IK.	SPEED:_90	%	DEPTH.: 160.5



9.4 Modifying the speed and the depth Speed:

The machine will start at the speed at which it was last set. Move the cursor to under the speed value by

Pc 03 TR. COUNT:158TEA project	Pc	Pc 03	Pc 03 TR. COUNT:158
Ps 05 SPEED: <u>90</u> % DEPTH: 160.5	Ps	Ps 05	Ps 05 VELOCITA': <u>15</u>

using the \leftrightarrow button. The speed can be adjusted by the \uparrow and \downarrow buttons.



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Depth:

To change the depth value, move the cursor under the depth value by using the \leftrightarrow button. The depth can be adjusted by the \uparrow and \downarrow buttons . Changes made to the planting depth will be stored in the placement program memory.

P	c 03	TR.	COUNT	:158		TEA project
P	s 05		SPEED:	15	%	DEPTH: 160.5

Pc 03	TR. COUNT:158	—— T E A	project
Ps 05	SPEED: _15	%	DEPTH: 160.5

tec



HAMILTON 14

Chapter

Example of a working cycle

Start the machine

Press reset then <END>

PU 01 END PL 01

TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_10 % DEPTH: 140.6

Select PICKUP programme No. 5 and PLACEMENT programme No.7

	1 0		ĨŪ				
PU 01 PL 01	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_10 %	TEA project DEPTH: 140.6	p1	PU 01 PL 01		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
PU 01 PL 01		TEA project DEPTH: 140.6	05	PU 05 PL 01		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
PU 05 PL 01	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_10 %		(\rightarrow)	PU 05 PL 01		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
PU 05 PL 01	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_10 %		07	PU 05 PL 07		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
PU 05 PL 07	SPEED:_10 %	TEA project DEPTH: 140.6	Start	PU 05 PL 07	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_ <u>10</u>	TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
	E THE MACHINE I ase the working spe	S WORKING ed from 10% to 50%					
	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_10_%	DEPTH: 140.6		PU 05 PL 07		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
	ase the speed from 5 TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_ <u>50</u> %		Ŧ	PU 05 PL 07		TEA project % DEPTH: 140.6	
Increa	ase the transplantat	ion depth by 5 mm	U				
PU 05 PL 07	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED: <mark>40 %</mark>		$\overline{\mathbf{\Theta}}$	PU 05 PL 07		TEA project % DEPTH: 1 <mark>40.6</mark>	
	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_40 %	TEA project DEPTH: 140.6		PU 05 PL 07	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_40 \$	TEA project % DEPTH: 145.6	
Pause	the machine by pu	ishing the STOP butto	on				
	TR.COUNT:_85	0	STOP		CYCLE	PAUSED	
	CYCLE PAL	JSED	Start			TEA project % DEPTH: 145.6	
-	U A	hing the EMERGENC	Y button				
	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_40 %		Carlos Carlos		EMERGE	NCY !	
FINISHING A WORKING CYCLE							
PU 05 PL 07	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_40 %		STOP		CYCLE	PAUSED	
	CYCLE PAU	JSED	STOP	PU 05 PL 07		TEA project % DEPTH: 145.6	
TO AC	CESS THE MAIN N	/ ENU					
PU 05 PL 07	TR.COUNT:_85 SPEED:_40 %	TEA project DEPTH: 145.6	MENU		TOMATIC **** CHINE DATA ***	* <2> MANUAL * <4> TEST I/O	



Operator manual

Chapter



MULTIPLE FINGER with variable distance (Variant line)









The trolley assembly comprises one fixed and two or more moving transplanting heads. The moving heads run on a guide bar, and their distance from the fixed head is adjustable for both pickup and placement. There may be up to five transplanting heads.

11.1 Removing the heads

Surplus transplanting heads can be removed from the trolley assembly by carefully unscrewing the central socket-head screw on the mounting plate, and disconnecting the air tubes where they plug into the tee pieces at the top. Use the plugs provided in the spares kit to plug the tee pieces.

NB. Before removing transplanting heads, disconnect both the electricity and air supplies. Both the fixed head and moving ones can be removed.

11.2 Spacing the transplanting heads

A motor controls the distance between the fixed and the mobile heads and is programmable to correspond with the cell spacing of both pickup and palcement trays. These adjustments are made at the programming stage, and should not be attempted mechanically.



Chapter



MAINTENANCE



DESIGN

Ensure the mechanical and electrical components do not become wet.

Clean the machine after use with compressed air rather than water

Check all components are working properly, if not follow guidelines in this manual or contact your authorised TEA dealer.



12.1 DAILY SERVICING

Clean the tracks of the X and Y Axis trolleys with a soft dry cloth. Apply a thin film of air -line oil to the roller tracks.

Lubricate the chains of the U Axis (and Z Axis-RP975) with machine oil.

Check that he fingers of the transplanting heads are free from soil or others mateial; clean with compressed air and a soft dry cloth.

Check the air filter; empty it by pushing the button under the bowl.

Check the oil level in the lubricator, next to the air filter.



12.2 MONTHLY SERVICING

Check the condition of the gears and chains.

Check the wear of the transplanting fingers.

Check periodically that the Z Axis photocell is clean and free from dirt and soil. The reflector should be cleaned regularly.





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Chapter





The 985V line is the new model, and it deffers from the RP975 in its use of a conveyor belt instead of a guide bar to transport the placement trays, and the Z Axis micro switch is replaced with a photocell. The conveyor belt which forms the Z Axis is positioned on the right-hand side of the machine and in some models it can be removed and substituted with another conveyor system.

The photocell reques perodical maintenance



Chapter

ECO- FRIENDLY DISPOSAL OF OBSOLETE PARTS

ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN SHOULD BE PARAMOUNT WHEN DISPOSING OF WORN OUT AND OBSLOLETE MACHINES AND COMPONENTS.

Machines should be dismantled and each component disposed of in the most ecologically friendly manner. There are EC guidelines for the disposal of special wastes, these are available from Local Government Authorities, and should be strictly adhered to.



Chapter



18 HAMILTON ESIGN

CONTROL CABINET COMPONENTS LIST

5	T.E.A. Reference	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Part Number
	LM	ILESA	STYLO 108
	PE1	CEMA	P9XET4RL1
	PE2	CEMA	P9XET4RL1
	P1	CEMA	P9XPLVGD
	L1	CEMA	P9XLBD
	P2	CEMA	P9XPNNG
	P3	CEMA	P9XPNNG
	L2	CEMA	P9XLRD
	L3	CEMA	P9XPLVGD
	S1	CEMA	P9XSMDON
	S2	CEMA	P9XSM15N
	S3	CEMA	P9XSMDON
	QSG	BREMAS	XF163B
	T1	VARAT	26935
	FU1	HAGER	512L
	FU2	HAGER	512L
	FU3	HAGER	501L
	FU4	HAGER	501L
	KME	AB	C0901
	KAE	NAIS	SFR14324VAC
	A1X	AXOR	HC4SFD-1
	A2Y	AXOR	MCS60 25/5 30PM
	A3 W	AXOR	MCS60 25/5 17PL
	A4 U	AXOR	MCS60 6/12 56PM
	C1	FACON	10.000 MF 100V DC
	EM14	ELCO	EM14HRO
	KA1-8	ELCO	EM200A12DCZ
	KA9-16	ELCO	EM200A12DCZ
	KTE	CROUZET	TOP36
	KM1	GAVAZZI	RZ4025HDP0
220 V.	KM1	GAVAZZI	RA2425LA06
	KM2	AB	C0910
	QSG	AB	1,0 A1,6
110 V.	QSG	AB	1,0 A2,5
	D1	Ponte diodi	25A100V
	D2	CCP	CESW 2APH
	VENTOLA	MOTOR-ONE	A12M30HTS

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ETC. ESIGN LIST OF MOTORS, SENSOR, ETC.

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	T.E.A. Reference	Manufacturer	Manufacturer's Part Number
	MU MW MX MY MZ	SIBONI SIBONI SIBONI SIBONI CME	56PM044ECONN EH17M500Z8/24C6X 75 PM 138 65V-1,4NM 30 PM 038 RE55/6 48V-023NM M63D4
220 V.	MZ	CME	M63D4T
110 V.	MZ	CME	M63D4V
	FCX0 FCY0 FCW0 FCXE FCEP FCU0 FTCZ0 FCMP FCM EV1	PIZZATO PIZZATO PIZZATO PIZZATO PIZZATO DIELL PIZZATO PIZZATO SMC	MS15 MS15 MS15 FX69 FR555 SSP/AP-0E FR555 FR555 FR555 SY5 120 BDO - C6F





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' Z ' AXIS (' U ' AXIS) controls sequence, for the advancement of the 'Z' axis





Appendix

WRITE A PROGRAMME

Introduction

The Hamilton T.E.A. Transplanter is essentially a pick-and-place robot. Details of the plug tray and pack are fed into the computer memory, thereby driving the mechanism back and forward between pickup and placing positions.

Each axis of movement of the machine is designated by a letter (see Fig.1), and each axis has a datum (or zero) position. The following basic data and tray dimensions have to be fed into the computer memory:

- The finger spacing
- The pickup or planting depth
- The traverse height
- The start position
- The number of steps across the tray, and the pitch dimension across
- The number of steps in the length of the tray, and the pitch dimension in the length

Up to 60 memories (30 for plug trays and 30 for packs) are available to store data, and the data remains in memory until it is overwritten. All instructions are entered through the control panel.

Manual Movement of the Machine Axes

It is useful to be able to move the mechanisms manually when collecting information about the tray when preparing the programming sheet. After switching on, the machine goes through an important resetting routine, which resets the machine axes to their datum positions. Press the large green Reset button and then the END/HOME button on the keypad to initiate this routine. The machine will then default to the Automatic menu and the display will read as follows:

Change the speed setting to 5% by pressing the \uparrow and \downarrow keys.



This will allow you to move the axes at a controllable speed when you enter the manual mode. Press the $M \in N \cup$ key and the display will show:

<1>	AUTOMATIC	*****	<2>	MANUAL	Main
<3>	MACHINE DATA	****	<4>	TEST I/O	Menu

Press the 2 key to enter manual mode. The display will show:

χ+	nnn.n	V+	0.0	Y+ nnn.n v+ 0.0	Manual
W+	_nn.n	۷+	0.0	U+ nnn.n Z+ nn.n	Menu

24 HAMILTON e distances from the datum ws:



The dimensions shown (represented here by nnn.n) are the distances from the datum positions. The axes can be moved by pressing the buttons as follows:



Moves the X axis left to right.

Moves the Y axis up and down.

Moves the W axis (finger spacing) between the dimensions which are set ir placement programs which were active when entering manual mode.

The U and Z axes can be controlled with the larger control buttons below the control keypad. Turn and hold the Manual switch clockwise and press the Axis U or Axis Z buttons to move these axes manually. The needles can be extended by turning the NEEDLES EXTEND switch.

Pressing and holding the manual movement buttons will make the pick up heads move continuously while the button is depressed. Brief/quick presses of these buttons (and the U and Z axis buttons) will make short movements.

Use the controls to move the mechanism around, taking care not to hit the fingers on the tray guides or tray restraint. Take a few minutes to familiarise yourself with the controls.

Do not enter the Machine Data menu unless instructed by Hamilton Design Ltd or their appointed service agent. The Test I/O menu is used for fault finding and need not be entered unless instructed.

Machine Axes Fig. 1



make sses of t



25

HAMILTON lug Tray -xample 1 Plug Tray -Example 1

Fig. 2





26

		26 HAMI	LTON
PICK-UP PR.	Company Programming	g Example 1	DESIGN
Tray features	Programm No. 29	date 09/02/99	
hole No. 288 manufacturer	Finger No. 4		
Landmark material Vacuum Formed	FINGER SPACING axis W		
**	FINGER DEPTH <pickup> TRAVERSE HEIGHT axis L1 X +_382.1x 1 U+ _</pickup>		
notes		0.0x 0 r.lin> 0x0 21.5x 1 r.lin> 2x23	
		x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
		x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
		x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
		x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
	L12XX _ U+ _	x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
	L14XX _ U+	x _ r.lin> _x_ x _ r.lin> _x_	
		x _ r.lin> _x_	

** Note That line L1 is entered after entering Manual Mode (Stage 3)

Fig. 3



Programming a Plug Tray (Example 1) - The Objective

Example 1 (Figs.2&3) uses a Landmark 288 plug tray. All the data can be entered into the machine and the program can then be tested with the sample tray provided. Firstly, determine from the plug tray how many pick up heads are to be used. In this example, 4 heads are required to plant into a pack 4 across. First, cells 1a, 4a, 7a and 10a are removed. Next, the heads are moved one row to the left (Axis X-) and cells 2a, 5a, 8a and 11a are removed. The heads are then moved another row to the left and 3a, 6a, 9a and 12a are removed, thus emptying the first line of cells. The transplanter will then index the tray forward 1 line of cells to row b (Axis U) and move the heads back to the right (over cells 1b, 4b, 7b and 10b). The cycle will then repeat 23 times until the last line of cells in the plug tray is empty, thereby completing the program.

Things to Note when Preparing for Programming.

On a standard 4 head Transplanter the maximum finger spacing is 118mm, and the minimum spacing is 55mm. If the spacing of the plugs to be removed is greater than 118mm, a more advanced program may be necessary. In this case contact Hamilton Design for advice. Accuracy when taking dimensions from the plug tray is most important. Any errors will accumulate, so if you make an error of 1mm in the plug spacing and the Transplanter is asked to index 30 times, the error will be 30mm. To eliminate the error as much as possible we suggest that when measuring the pitch of the cells in a plug tray, you measure over 10 or more cells and divide the answer by the amount of pitches being measured. This will then divide the error by that amount. Using the tray in Example 1, if the distance you measure over 12 cells is 238mm, divide that by 11 = 21.63 mm plug centres. The machine only allows the use of one decimal place, so round this to 21.6mm. Do not assume that the pitch across and in length are the same. In most cases they are not. In our example 10 pitches in the length of the tray measures 215mm, making the pitch in the U axis 21.5mm. When measuring centre to centre distances on plug trays it is more accurate to measure from edge to edge of the plug, as shown on the plug tray in Fig. 2.

Stage 1 - Preparing the Programming Sheet

The programming below relates to Example 1, the Landmark 288. (See Fig.3).

- 1. Enter as much information on the programming sheet as you can before entering the information into the programming panel.
- 2. Axis W, finger spacing. This is the distance you want the pick up pins to space out, 64.8mm in our example. (This is the equivalent of three pitches in this case).
- 3. Finger depth <Pickup>. This is the depth the pick up pins go into the plug cell. The distance is taken from the datum, the carriage being in the fully up position. It is 180mm from the datum to the transplanter table. We suggest you measure the distance between the transplanter table and the position you want the tip of the pins to stop in the plug cell (approx 5mm above the bottom of the cell). Deduct this dimension from 180mm. In Example 1, Finger depth <Pickup> is to be 175mm as the plug tray is shallow and the tray base is flat on the Transplanter table. If the plug tray was of the type that has legs (making the plug base stand clear of the Transplanter table) then this dimension would obviously be less.
- 4. Traverse height Axis Y. This is to set the distance you require the pick up heads to raise up before they move across to the placement position. We suggest you leave this dimension at 0.0 i.e. fully raised.



- 5. Program Line L1. L1 X+ 00.0x 0 U+ 00.0x 0 r.lin> 00x 00 This is the start position for transplanting which places the heads over the first group of four plugs to be removed. This line can only be entered when the rest of the program has been completed and stored in the computer's memory. The X and U start dimensions are determined by entering manual mode. This process will be described later, after data entry has been made into the computer, in Stages 3 & 4.
- 6. Program Line L2. L2 X 21.6x2 U+ 00.0x 0 r.lin> 00x 00 The X dimension is the distance you want the heads to step to the left to pickup the next group of 4 plugs to be removed, i.e. -21.6mm. The '2' denotes the amount of times you want it to do that, i.e. 2 times. Note that the X setting is negative to move the carriage to the left. Also note that X is the only axis that uses a negative number.

At this point in the program the 4 heads will have emptied the first line of the plug tray. The U and r.lin settings are left as zero as you do not require the U axis to move, nor do you require any line repeats at this part of the program.

7. Program Line L3. L3 X+ 43.2x1 U + 21.5x1 r.lin> 2 x 23 The X dimension is the distance required for the heads to travel to the right to return to the start position. The X axis is to move 43.2mm to the right (back to row 1) by the amount of times you require to do this, ie x1 (once). The U dimension is the distance you want to index the tray forward i.e. 1 row of cells in the length of the tray, 21.5mm in this case, by the amount of times you want to do this, i.e. x1.

 $r.lin > 0 \times 0$ means "repeat line? x? times".

To recap this example so far, we have removed the first group of 4 plugs, stepped the heads twice to the left, moved the heads to the right to the start position, and indexed the tray forward. You now want the Transplanter to repeat the cycle the from Line L2 an additional 23 times to remove the remaining lines of plugs in the length of the plug tray (23 because the first line has already been removed). Enter r.lin > 2 x 23 to set the repeat.

Stage 2 - Loading and Storing the Program Control Buttons used when Storing a Program:

Advances the cursor along each step of the program line and then back to the beginning of the line.

Moves the cursor to the next program line.

tear via Zatti 33/c 42100 Reggio E. ITALIA tel. + 39 0522 333617 fax + 39 0522 393768

Moves the cursor up to the previous program line.

Moves the cursor down to the next program line.







Clears the entry above the current cursor position.

Changes the entry value from + to -.

Marks the end of the program and exits programming mode.

- Press the MENU button to go back to the main menu, and press 1 for Automatic Mode. Press P1 to take the cursor under PU (Pick Up/plug tray program). Enter a program number from 1–30 that you want to allocate to the plug tray being programmed, say 29. The display should now read PU29. With the cursor still under the PU29 press and hold the MEM button and then press the yellow ↔ button once. The display should change as you enter programming mode.
- 2. The display should read FINGER SPACING AXIS W. The dimension in our Example 1 is 64.8mm.

Enter 6 4 8 on the numeric keypad. Note that there is no decimal point key. For 60.1 you would enter 6-0-1. For 112.3 you would enter 1-1-2-3, etc. If you make a mistake press the C key and re-enter the correct value.

- 3. Press MEM or \downarrow to move the cursor to LOADING MEASURE AXIS Y The dimension in the example is 175mm. Enter 1750.
- **4.** Press MEM or ↓ to move cursor to TRAVERSE HEIGHT AXIS Y this can be left at 00.0.
- 5. Press MEM or ↓ to move cursor to Line L1. You have no dimension to enter yet from the programming sheet. We will come back later to enter the X and U dimensions once determined.
- 6. Press MEM or ↓ to move the cursor to Line L2. Press F1 to change the X+ to X-. Enter the dimension, the example is X-21.6. Press the yellow ↔ button once to move the cursor to x_ and enter 2. You don't want the U axis to move, or any line repeats at this point so this can be left as zero. Line L2 should read:

L2 X- 21.6x 2 U+ 0.0x 0 rlin> 0x 0

7. Press MEM or ↓ to move the cursor to Line L3 and enter the X+ dimension of 43.2. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the x (times) position and enter 1. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the U position and enter 21.5. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the x (times) position and enter 1. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the x (times) position and enter 1. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the x (times) position and enter 1. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the r.lin> position and enter the line number you want the cycle to repeat from, in this case Line L2. Press the yellow « button to move the cursor to the x (times) position and enter 23.

Line L3 should read: $L3 \times 43.2 \times 1 \cup +21.5 \times 1 \quad \text{r.lin} \geq 2 \times 23$ To store the information to the computer memory make sure the cursor is under the number 23 and press <u>and hold</u> the END/HOME button until the display returns to the automatic menu (approx 5 seconds). This marks the end of the program after the

last piece of information has been entered. The information is now stored. It is essential that the button is held until the display changes as this provides the computer with the 'end of cycle' position.

8. You now have to establish the X and U start dimensions for Line L1. Adjust the plug tray guides and tray restraint to suit the plug tray you have programmed. It is important to ensure that the formed sides of the plug tray run on the guide rollers, not any cut or trimmed edges which may be inconsistent. These edges should run under the rollers. Place the plug tray in the guides between two of the indexing blocks. Change the operating speed with the $\uparrow \downarrow$ buttons reduce the speed to 5%. This will allow you to make slower, more precise movements when in manual mode. To obtain the X and U axis start dimensions for Line L1 of the program you have to enter manual mode.

Stage 3 - Entering Manual Mode to obtain the Start Position

See page 1 for a summary of manual mode operation. Make sure you are confident with the manual movements of the machine axes before proceeding. Pressing and holding the manual movement buttons will make the pick up heads move continuously while the button is depressed. Brief/quick presses of these buttons (and the U and Z axis buttons) will make short movements. The speed of the pick up heads in the X, Y, and W axis is determined by the speed % in the main menu. Always reduce the speed % to approx. 5% before entering manual mode. To enter manual mode press the MENU button. Press 2 to select manual, and the display should read:

X+ nnn.nv+ 0.0Y+ nnn.nv+ 0.0W+ _nn.nv+ 0.0U+ nnn.nZ+ nn.n

- 1. Raise the heads enough to allow the pick up pins (when extended) to clear the plug tray. Press the P1 and P2 button to move the head spacing in the W axis to that you have set for the plug tray you are programming. In the example this is 64.8mm.
- 2. Twist the extend pins switch to extend the pick up pins. Twist and hold the manual switch and push the U axis button to drive the plug tray towards the pick up position. Inch the U axis button to align the pick up pins with the centre of the plug cells in the U axis. Note the U dimension in the display and enter it on your programming sheet Line L1. (In our example, U43.0x1). This is the dimension from the point the plug tray moving in the U axis hits the micro switch, zeros its reading, and starts to count and stop at the pick up position.

Check the axis W dimension in the display shows the finger spacing dimension you have programmed ie 68.4. Using the $\uparrow \downarrow$ and $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ buttons align the pick up pins in the X axis with the centre of the plug cells to be removed first (in Example 1 this is 1a, 4a, 7a &10a). The X dimension shown in the display is the dimension of axis X from its datum/reference point to the first cells to be removed. Note this dimension on your programming sheet in Line L1. (In our example X+ 328.2x1). Twist the Extend Pins switch back to retract the pick up pins. These two dimensions now have to be entered into line L1 of the program.



Stage 4 - Entering the Start Position in the Program

Push the MENU button. When the display changes, press 1 to select automatic. Press P1 to display the cursor under PU29 (plug tray). Press and hold the MEM button and press the yellow \iff button once to enter programming mode. Press MEM or \downarrow to move the cursor down to line L1. Press the \iff button and move the cursor to the X+ position and enter the dimension 328.2. Press the \iff button to move to the x(times) position and enter 1 time. Press the yellow \iff button to move the cursor to the U+ position and enter the dimension 43.0. Now press the \iff and enter the number of times you want to make this movement i.e. x1 time. Line L1 for the example tray should now read:

L1 X+ 328.2×1 U 43.0×1 r.lin>0× 0 The repeat should be left as zero as there is no repeat required at this point in the program. You do not press and hold the END/HOME button to store this information. Only do this if you extend the program, not if you change or edit the information. Press MENU button and the display should change. Press 1 to select automatic. Press START and the empty plug tray you have been using to set up will be ejected. Load the empty plug tray back onto the transplanter and watch carefully as the transplanter carries out all your programmed instructions. If there are any errors edit program as required.





Pack – Example 2



Fig. 4



	33 HAMI	
PLACEMENT	Customer Programming Example 2	DESIGN
Tray features	Programm No. 29 date 09/02/99	
hole No. 24 (2X12) manufacturer	Finger No. 4]
material EPS	FINGER SPACING axis W63.0 mmFINGER DEPTH <planting>145.0 mm</planting>	
*:	★L1 X +_688.0x 1 Z+66.5x 1 r.lin> 0x0 L2 X +0.0x 1 Z+47.5x 1 r.lin> 0x0	**
notes	L3 X +0.0x 1 Z+47.5x 1 r.lin> 0x0 L4 X +0.0x 1 Z+60.0x 1 r.lin> 0x0	
	L5 X +0.0x 1 Z+47.5x 1 r.lin> 0x0 L6 X +0.0x 1 Z+47.5x 1 r.lin> 0x0)
	L7 X X Z+ X r.lin> _x_ L8 X X Z+ X r.lin> _x_]
	L9 X X Z+ X r.lin> _x_ L10X X Z+ X r.lin> _x_	
	L11XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_ L12XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_	
	L13XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_ L14XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_	
	L15XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_ L16XX _ Z+X _ r.lin> _x_	

** Note that line L1 is entered after entering Manual Mode (Stage 3)



Programming a Pack (Example 2) – The Objective

Example 2 (Figs.4&5) uses a typical Euro size Double 12 cell pack. Programming is completed in a similar way to the Plug Tray, in four stages. In our example the pack is four rows across, thereby using four heads on the Transplanter. The machine will plant into the first row of the pack, and then the pack is advanced row-by-row for all six rows. Unlike the plug tray example, the X Axis always returns to the same planting position. Also, the pack is advanced in the Z axis, compared with the U Axis of the plug tray.

Things to Note when Preparing for Programming.

On a standard 4 head Transplanter the maximum finger spacing is 118mm, and the minimum spacing is 55mm. If the spacing of the plugs to be removed is greater than 118mm, a more advanced program may be necessary. In this case contact Hamilton Design for advice. Accuracy when taking dimensions from the pack is most important. Any errors will accumulate, so if you make an error of 1mm in the pack spacing and the Transplanter is asked to index 6 times, the error will be 6mm. To eliminate the error as much as possible we suggest that when measuring the pitch of the cells in a pack, you measure over as many cells and divide the answer by the amount of pitches being measured. This will then divide the error by that amount. Using the tray in Example 2, you can only really measure over 2 cells (95mm), and dividing that by 2 gives 47.5 mm centres. The gap in the middle of the tray is different (60mm). The pitch across the tray used in our example is 63mm, and this will be the finger spacing.

More complicated programs can be written for other tray formats (zig-zag patterns, two plugs per cell, etc.). Contact Hamilton Design for advice.

Stage 1 - Preparing the Programming Sheet

The programming below relates to Example 2, the 2 x 12 pack. (See Fig.5).

- 1. Enter as much information on the programming sheet as you can before entering the information into the programming panel.
- 2. Axis W, finger spacing. This is the distance you want the pick up pins to space out, 63.0mm in our example.
- 3. Finger Depth <Planting>. This is the depth the pick up pins go into the pack cell. The distance is taken from the datum, the carriage being in the fully up position. It is 180mm from the datum to the transplanter conveyor belt. We suggest you measure the distance between the belt and the position you want the tip of the pins to stop in the cell. Deduct this dimension from 180mm. In Example 2, Finger Depth <Planting> is to be 145mm. This depth can be adjusted while the machine is running.
- 4. Program Line L1. L1 X+ 00.0x0 Z+ 00.0x 0 r.lin> 00x 00 This is the start position for transplanting which places the heads over the first line of cells in the pack. This line can only be entered when the rest of the program has been completed and stored in the computer's memory. The X and Z start dimensions are determined by entering manual mode. This process will be described later, after data entry has been made into the computer, in Stages 3 & 4.
- 5. Program Line L2. L2 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 47.5x1 r.lin> 00x 00 The X dimension is the distance you want the heads to move in the X Axis relative to

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the position they stopped in program line L1. In this case no movement from that position is required, and so a dimension of zero is entered. The x1 has to be entered, even though the X dimension is zero. The x1 is entered because you require the heads to move to the same planting position x1 time.

The Z+ 47.5 is the distance you want to step the pack forward to the second line of cells in the pack.

- 6. Program Line L3. L3 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 47.5x 1 r.lin> 00x 00 As in line L2, this moves the pack to the third row.
- 7. Program Line L4 L4 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 60.0x 1 r.lin> 00x 00 This line advances the pack 60mm to take into account the larger spacing at the centre of the tray.
- 8. Program Line L5. L5 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 47.5x 1 r.lin> 00x 00 This moves the pack to the fifth row.
- 9. Program Line L6. L6 X+ 0.0×1 Z+ 47.5×1 r.lin> 00× 00 This moves the pack to the sixth and last row.

Stage 2 - Loading and Storing the Program Control Buttons used when Storing a Program:

Advances the cursor along each step of the program line and then back to the beginning of the line.



Moves the cursor to the next program line.



Moves the cursor up to the previous program line.

Moves the cursor down to the next program line.



Clears the entry above the current cursor position.



Changes the entry value from + to -.

Marks the end of the program and exits programming mode.



- Press the MENU button to go back to the main menu, and press 1 for Automatic Mode. Press P1 to take the cursor under PU (Pick Up/plug tray program). Press the yellow ↔ button to position the cursor under PL (Placing/Pack program). Enter a program number from 1–30 that you want to allocate to the pack being programmed, say 29. The display should now read PL29. With the cursor still under the PL29 press and hold the MEM button and then press the yellow ↔ button once. The display should change as you enter programming mode.
- 2. The display should read FINGER SPACING AXIS W. The dimension in our Example 1 is 63.0mm.
- 3. Enter 6 3 0 on the numeric keypad. Note that there is no decimal point key. For 60.1 you would enter 6-0-1. For 112.3 you would enter 1-1-2-3, etc. If you make a mistake press the C key and re-enter the correct value.
- 4. Press MEM or ↓ to move the cursor to FINGER DEPTH <PLANTING> . The dimension in the example is 145mm. Enter 1450.
- 5. Press M ∈ M or ↓ to move cursor to Line L1. You have no dimension to enter yet from the programming sheet. We will come back later to enter the X and Z dimensions once determined.
- 6. Press MEM or ↓ to move the cursor to Line L2. Press the yellow ↔ button once to move the cursor to x_ and enter 1. Press the yellow ↔ button again and enter the Z dimension of 47.5. Press the yellow ↔ button yet again to move the cursor to x_ and enter 1.

Line L2 should read. L2 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 47.5x1 rlin> 0x0

- 7. Repeat step 5 above for lines L3 to L6, noting that the Z dimension in line L4 is 60mm.
- 8. Line L6 should read: L6 X+ 0.0x1 Z+ 47.5x1 r.lin> 0x0. To store the information to the computer memory make sure the cursor is under the second zero of the r.lin> 0x0, and press and hold the END/HOME button until the display returns to the automatic menu (approx 5 seconds). This marks the end of the program after the last piece of information has been entered. The information is now stored. It is essential that the button is held until the display changes as this provides the computer with the 'end of cycle' position.
- 9. You now have to establish the X and Z start dimensions for Line L1. Adjust the tray guides to suit the pack you have programmed. Place a pack on the conveyor belt. Change the operating speed with the ↑↓ buttons reduce the speed to 5%. This will allow you to make slower, more precise movements when in manual mode. To obtain the X and Z axis start dimensions for Line L1 of the program you have to enter manual mode.

Stage 3 - Entering Manual Mode to obtain the Start Position

See page 1 for a summary of manual mode operation. Make sure you are confident with the manual movements of the machine axes before proceeding. Pressing and holding the manual movement buttons will make the pick up heads move continuously while the button is depressed. Brief/quick presses of these buttons (and the U and Z axis buttons) will make short movements. The speed of the pick up heads in the X, Y, and W axis is determined by the speed % in the main menu. Always reduce the speed % to approx. 5% before entering manual mode.

To enter manual mode press the MENU button. Press 2 to select manual, and the display

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should read:

```
X+ nnn.nv+ 0.0Y+ nnn.nv+ 0.0W+ _nn.nv+ 0.0U+ nnn.nZ+ nn.n
```

- 1. Raise the heads enough to allow the pick up pins (when extended) to clear the pack. Press the P1 and P2 button to move the head spacing in the W axis to that you have set for the pack you are programming. In the example this is 63.0mm.
- 2. Twist the extend pins switch to extend the pick up pins. Twist and hold the manual switch and push the Z axis button to drive the pack towards the planting position. Inch the Z axis button to align the pick up pins with the centre of the pack cells in the Z axis. Note the Z dimension in the display and enter it on your programming sheet Line L1. (In our example, Z+ 66.5x1). This is the dimension from the point the pack (moving in the Z axis) breaks the beam, zeros its reading, and starts to count and stop at the planting position.

Check the axis W dimension in the display shows the finger spacing dimension you have programmed ie 63.0. Using the $\uparrow \downarrow$ and $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ buttons align the pick up pins in the X axis with the centre of the first row of the pack. The X dimension shown in the display is the dimension of axis X from its datum/reference point to the first cells to be planted. Note this dimension on your programming sheet in Line L1. (In our example X+ 688.0x1). Twist the Extend Pins switch back to retract the pick up pins. These two dimensions now have to be entered into line L1 of the program.

Stage 4 - Entering the Start Position in the Program

Push the MENU button. When the display changes, press 1 to select automatic. Press P1to display the cursor under PU (plug tray). Press the yellow \leftrightarrow button to position the cursor under PL29 (Placing/Pack program). Press and hold the MEM button and press the yellow \leftrightarrow button once to enter programming mode. Press MEM or \downarrow to move the cursor down to line L1. Press the \leftrightarrow button and move the cursor to the X+ position and enter the dimension 688.0. Press the \leftrightarrow button to move to the x(times) position and enter 1 time. Press the yellow \leftrightarrow button to move the cursor to the Z+ position and enter the dimension 66.5. Now press the \leftrightarrow and enter the number of times you want to make this movement i.e. example tray x1 time. Line L1 for the should now read: L1 X+ 688.0x1 Ζ+ 66.5x1 r.lin>0x 0. You do not press and hold the END/HOME button to store this information. Only do this if you extend the program, not if you change or edit the information. Press MENU button and the display should change. Press 1 to select automatic. Press START and the empty pack you have been using to set up will be ejected. Load an empty plug tray and pack onto the transplanter and watch carefully as the transplanter carries out all your programmed instructions. If there are any errors edit program as required.

Note:

In Example 2, we have written one program line for each line in the pack. This is to illustrate how to handle the uneven spacing in the length of the tray. However, it is possible to make the program a little shorter by setting the repeat in line L4 as r.lin>2x1, and not using lines L5 and L6.

DECLARATION OF EC CONFORMITY

(according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN 45014)

N° TEADC010599RP98

tea Project S.r.l. via Zatti, 33/c 42100 Reggio Emilia ITALIA DICHIARA Ripicchettatrice RP 985 V

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the:

D.E. 98/37/CE (MSD)

D.E. 89/336/CEE (EMC)

mod. D.E. 93/68/CEE

D.E.73/23/CEE (LVD)

mod D.E. 93/68/CEE

The product described above is in conformity with the following EMC Specifications based on sample testing:

10

Document N°	Title	Edition/Date of issue
EN50081-1	Compatibilità elettromagnetica. Norma generica sull'emissione Parte 1: ambienti residenziali, commer-	ottobre 1992
	ciali e dell'industria leggera.	
EN50081-2	Compatibilità elettromagnetica. Norma generica sull'immunità Parte 1: ambienti residenziali, commer-	- maggio 1998
	ciali e dell'industria leggera.	
ENV50204	Campo elettromagnetico irradiato da radiotelefoni numerici. Prova d'immunità.	aprile 1996
EN61000-4-2	Compatibilità elettromagnetica (EMC) parte 4: tecniche di prova e di misura. Sezione 2: prove di	i sett. 1996
	immunità a scarica elettrostatica. Pubblicazione Base EMC	
EN61000-4-3	Compatibilità elettromagnetica (EMC) parte 4: test e tecniche di misura.	sett. 1996
	Sezione 3: test di immunità ai campi magnetici irradiati a radiofrequenza.	
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Sicurezza della macchina - equipaggiamento elettrico della macchina parte 1: regole generali EN 60204-1

tea Project S.r.I. Legale Rappresentante Sig. Bonacini Marco

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